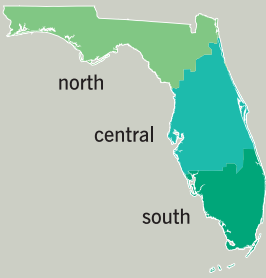


FLEPPC List Definitions: **Exotic** – a species introduced to Florida, purposefully or accidentally, from a natural range outside of Florida. **Native** – a species whose natural range includes Florida. **Naturalized exotic** – an exotic that sustains itself outside cultivation (it is still exotic; it has not “become” native). **Invasive exotic** – an exotic that not only has naturalized, but is expanding on its own in Florida native plant communities.

Abbreviations: Government List (Gov. List): P = Prohibited aquatic plant by the Florida Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services; N = Noxious weed listed by Florida Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services; U = Noxious weed listed by U.S. Department of Agriculture. **Regional Distribution (Reg. Dist.):** N = north, C = central, S = south, referring to each species’ current distribution in general regions of Florida (not its potential range in the state). Please refer to the adjacent map.



Citation example:
FLEPPC. 2013. List of Invasive Plant Species. Florida Exotic Pest Plant Council. Internet: <http://www.fleppc.org/list/list.htm>

The 2013 list was prepared by the FLEPPC Plant List Committee:

Patricia L. Howell, Chair (2012-present), Broward County Parks, Natural Resource and Land Management Section, 950 NW 38th St., Oakland Park, FL 33309, (954) 357-8137, phowell@broward.org
Janice A. Duquesnel, Florida Park Service, Florida Department of Environmental Protection, 77200 Overseas Highway, Islamorada, FL 33036, (305) 664-8455, Janice.Duquesnel@dep.state.fl.us

David W. Hall, Private Consulting Botanist and Author, 3666 NW 13th Place, Gainesville, FL 32605, O (352) 375-1370, F (352) 377-2729

Roger L. Hammer, Retired Naturalist and Author, 17360 Avocado Drive, Homestead, FL 33030, kaskazi44@comcast.net

Colette C. Jacono, Florida Museum of Natural History, PO Box 110575, Gainesville, FL 32611-0575, (352) 318-2931, colettej@ufl.edu

Kenneth A. Langeland, University of Florida-IFAS, Center for Aquatic and Invasive Plants, 7922 NW 71st St., Gainesville, FL 32653, (352) 392-9614, gator8@ufl.edu

Chris Lockhart, Habitat Specialists, Inc., c/o P.O. Box 243116, Boynton Beach, FL 33424-3116, (561) 738-1179, chris@lockharts.org

Jean McCollom, Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission, PO Box 716, Felda, FL 33930, (863) 612-0775, Jean.McCollom@myFWC.com

Gil Nelson, Gil Nelson Associates, 157 Leonard’s Dr., Thomasville, GA 31792, gil@gilnelson.com

Jimi L. Sadle, Everglades National Park, 40001 State Road 9336, Homestead, FL 33034, (305) 242-7806, Jimi_Sadle@nps.gov

Daniel B. Ward, Department of Botany, University of Florida, 220 Bartram Hall, Gainesville, FL 32611

Richard P. Wunderlin, Institute for Systematic Botany, Department of Cell Biology, Microbiology & Molecular Biology, University of South Florida, 4202 E. Fowler Ave., ISA 2015, Tampa, FL 33620, (813) 974-2359, rwunder@usf.edu

For more information on invasive exotic plants, including links to related web pages, visit the Florida EPPC web site: <http://www.fleppc.org>

Application for Membership in the Florida Exotic Pest Plant Council

Annual Membership Levels
(circle one)

Individual		Institutional	
Student	\$10	Library	\$100
General	\$30	General	\$100
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Florida Exotic Pest Plant Council’s 2013 List of Invasive Plant Species

The mission of the Florida Exotic Pest Plant Council is to support the management of invasive exotic plants in Florida’s natural areas by providing a forum for the exchange of scientific, educational and technical information.

Note: The FLEPPC List of Invasive Plant Species is not a regulatory list. Only those plants listed as Federal Noxious Weeds, Florida Noxious Weeds, Florida Prohibited Aquatics Plants, or in local ordinances are regulated by law.

Purpose of the List:
To focus attention on —

- ▶ the adverse effects exotic pest plants have on Florida’s biodiversity and native plant communities,
- ▶ the habitat losses in natural areas from exotic pest plant infestations,
- ▶ the impacts on endangered species via habitat loss and alteration,
- ▶ the need for pest plant management,
- ▶ the socio-economic impacts of these plants (e.g., increased wildfires or flooding in certain areas),
- ▶ changes in the severity of different pest plant infestations over time,
- ▶ providing information to help managers set priorities for research and control programs.



www.fleppc.org

CATEGORY I

Invasive exotics that are altering native plant communities by displacing native species, changing community structures or ecological functions, or hybridizing with natives. *This definition does not rely on the economic severity or geographic range of the problem, but on the documented ecological damage caused.*

Scientific Name	Common Name	Gov. List	Reg. Dis.	Scientific Name	Common Name	Gov. List	Reg. Dis.
<i>Abrus precatorius</i>	rosary pea	N	C, S	<i>Macfadyena unguis-cati</i>	cat's claw vine	N, C, S	
<i>Acacia auriculiformis</i>	earleaf acacia		C, S	<i>Manilkara zapota</i>	sapodilla		S
<i>Albizia julibrissin</i>	mimosa, silk tree		N, C	<i>Melaleuca quinquenervia</i>	melaleuca, paper bark	P, N, U	C, S
<i>Albizia lebecke</i>	woman's tongue		C, S	<i>Melinis repens</i> (= <i>Rhynchelytrum repens</i>)	Natal grass		N, C, S
<i>Ardisia crenata</i> (<i>A. crenulata</i> misapplied)	coral ardisia		N, C, S	<i>Mimosa pigra</i>	catclaw mimosa	P, N, U	C, S
<i>Ardisia elliptica</i> (<i>A. humilis</i> misapplied)	shoebutton ardisia	N	C, S	<i>Nandina domestica</i>	nandina, heavenly bamboo		N, C
<i>Asparagus aethiopicus</i> (= <i>A. sprengeri</i> ; <i>A. densiflorus</i> misapplied)	asparagus-fern		N, C, S	<i>Nephrolepis brownii</i> (= <i>N. multiflora</i>)	Asian sword fern		C, S
<i>Bauhinia variegata</i>	orchid tree		C, S	<i>Nephrolepis cordifolia</i>	sword fern		N, C, S
<i>Bischofia javanica</i>	bishopwood		C, S	<i>Neyraudia reynaudiana</i>	Burma reed, cane grass	N	S
<i>Calophyllum antillanum</i> (<i>C. calaba</i> misapplied)	santa maria, mast wood, Antilles calophyllum		S	<i>Nymphoides cristata</i>	snowflake		C, S
<i>Casuarina equisetifolia</i>	Australian-pine, beach sheoak	P, N	N, C, S	<i>Paederia cruddasiana</i>	sewer vine, onion vine	N	S
<i>Casuarina glauca</i>	suckering Australian-pine, gray sheoak	P, N	C, S	<i>Paederia foetida</i>	skunk vine	N	N, C, S
<i>Cinnamomum camphora</i>	camphor tree		N, C, S	<i>Panicum repens</i>	torpedo grass		N, C, S
<i>Colocasia esculenta</i>	wild taro		N, C, S	<i>Pennisetum purpureum</i>	Napier grass, elephant grass		N, C, S
<i>Colubrina asiatica</i>	lather leaf	N	S	<i>Phymatosorus scolopendria</i>	serpent fern, wart fern		S
<i>Cupaniopsis anacardioides</i>	carrotwood	N	C, S	<i>Pistia stratiotes</i>	water-lettuce	P	N, C, S
<i>Deparia petersenii</i>	Japanese false spleenwort		N, C	<i>Psidium cattleianum</i> (= <i>P. littorale</i>)	strawberry guava		C, S
<i>Dioscorea alata</i>	winged yam	N	N, C, S	<i>Psidium guajava</i>	guava		C, S
<i>Dioscorea bulbifera</i>	air-potato	N	N, C, S	<i>Pueraria montana</i> var. <i>lobata</i> (= <i>P. lobata</i>)	kudzu	N	N, C, S
<i>Eichhornia crassipes</i>	water-hyacinth	P	N, C, S	<i>Rhodomyrtus tomentosa</i>	downy rose-myrtle	N	C, S
<i>Eugenia uniflora</i>	Surinam cherry		C, S	<i>Rhynchelytrum repens</i> (See <i>Melinis repens</i>)			
<i>Ficus microcarpa</i> (<i>F. nitida</i> and <i>F. retusa</i> var. <i>nitida</i> misapplied) ¹	laurel fig		C, S	<i>Ruellia simplex</i> ²	Mexican-petunia		N, C, S
<i>Hydrilla verticillata</i>	hydrilla	P, U	N, C, S	<i>Salvinia minima</i>	water spangles		N, C, S
<i>Hygrophila polysperma</i>	green hygro	P, U	N, C, S	<i>Sapium sebiferum</i> (= <i>Triadica sebifera</i>)	popcorn tree, Chinese tallow tree	N	N, C, S
<i>Hymenachne amplexicaulis</i>	West Indian marsh grass		N, C, S	<i>Scaevola taccada</i> (= <i>Scaevola sericea</i> , <i>S. frutescens</i>)	scaevola, half-flower, beach naupaka	N	C, S
<i>Imperata cylindrica</i> (<i>I. brasiliensis</i> misapplied)	cogon grass	N, U	N, C, S	<i>Schefflera actinophylla</i> (= <i>Brassaia actinophylla</i>)	schefflera, Queensland umbrella tree		C, S
<i>Ipomoea aquatica</i>	water-spinach	P, U	C	<i>Schinus terebinthifolius</i>	Brazilian-pepper	P, N	N, C, S
<i>Jasminum dichotomum</i>	Gold Coast jasmine		C, S	<i>Scleria lacustris</i>	Wright's nutrush		C, S
<i>Jasminum fluminense</i>	Brazilian jasmine		C, S	<i>Senna pendula</i> var. <i>glabrata</i> (= <i>Cassia coluteoides</i>)	climbing cassia, Christmas cassia, Christmas senna		C, S
<i>Lantana camara</i> (= <i>L. strigocamara</i>)	lantana, shrub verbena		N, C, S	<i>Solanum tampicense</i> (= <i>S. houstonii</i>)	wetland nightshade, aquatic soda apple	N, U	C, S
<i>Ligustrum lucidum</i>	glossy privet		N, C	<i>Solanum viarum</i>	tropical soda apple	N, U	N, C, S
<i>Ligustrum sinense</i>	Chinese privet, hedge privet		N, C, S	<i>Syngonium podophyllum</i>	arrowhead vine		N, C, S
<i>Lonicera japonica</i>	Japanese honeysuckle		N, C, S	<i>Syzygium cumini</i>	jambolan-plum, Java-plum		C, S
<i>Ludwigia hexapetala</i> *	Uruguay waterprimrose		C	<i>Tectaria incisa</i>	incised halberd fern		S
<i>Ludwigia peruviana</i>	Peruvian primrosewillow		N, C, S	<i>Thespesia populnea</i>	seaside mahoe		C, S
<i>Lumnitzera racemosa</i>	kripa; white-flowered mangrove; black mangrove		S	<i>Tradescantia fluminensis</i>	small-leaf spiderwort		N, C
<i>Luziola subintegra</i>	Tropical American water grass		S	<i>Urena lobata</i>	Caesar's weed		N, C, S
<i>Lygodium japonicum</i>	Japanese climbing fern	N	N, C, S	<i>Urochloa mutica</i> (= <i>Brachiaria mutica</i>)	Para grass		C, S
<i>Lygodium microphyllum</i>	Old World climbing fern	N, U	C, S				

¹Does not include *Ficus microcarpa* subsp. *fuyuensis*, which is sold as “Green Island Ficus”

²Many names are applied to this species in Florida because of a complicated taxonomic and nomenclatural history. Plants cultivated in Florida, all representing the same invasive species, have in the past been referred to as *Ruellia brittoniana*, *R. tweediana*, *R. caerulea*, and *R. simplex*.

*Added to the FLEPPC List of Invasive Plant Species in 2013

CATEGORY II

Invasive exotics that have increased in abundance or frequency but have not yet altered Florida plant communities to the extent shown by Category I species. *These species may become ranked Category I, if ecological damage is demonstrated.*

Scientific Name	Common Name	Gov. List	Reg. Dis.	Scientific Name	Common Name	Gov. List	Reg. Dis.
<i>Adenanthera pavonina</i>	red sandalwood		S	<i>Melaleuca viminalis</i> (= <i>Callistemon viminalis</i>)	bottlebrush, weeping bottlebrush		C, S
<i>Agave sisalana</i>	sisal hemp		C, S	<i>Melia azedarach</i>	Chinaberry		N, C, S
<i>Aleurites fordii</i> (= <i>Vernicia fordii</i>)	tung oil tree		N, C	<i>Melinis minutiflora</i>	molasses grass		C, S
<i>Alstonia macrophylla</i>	devil tree		S	<i>Merremia tuberosa</i>	wood-rose		C, S
<i>Alternanthera philoxeroides</i>	alligator weed	P	N, C, S	<i>Mikania micrantha</i>	mile-a-minute vine	N, U	S
<i>Antigonon leptopus</i>	coral vine		N, C, S	<i>Momordica charantia</i> *	balsam apple, balsam pear		N, C, S
<i>Ardisia japonica</i>	Japanese ardisia		N	<i>Murraya paniculata</i>	orange-jessamine		S
<i>Aristolochia littoralis</i>	calico flower		N, C, S	<i>Myriophyllum spicatum</i>	Eurasian water-milfoil	P	N, C, S
<i>Asystasia gangetica</i>	Ganges primrose		C, S	<i>Panicum maximum</i> (= <i>Urochloa maxima</i> , <i>Megathyrus maximus</i>)	Guinea grass		N, C, S
<i>Begonia cucullata</i>	wax begonia		N, C, S	<i>Passiflora biflora</i>	two-flowered passion vine		S
<i>Blechum pyramidatum</i> (see <i>Ruellia blechum</i>)				<i>Pennisetum setaceum</i>	green fountain grass		S
<i>Broussonetia papyrifera</i>	paper mulberry		N, C, S	<i>Phoenix reclinata</i>	Senegal date palm		C, S
<i>Bruguiera gymnorhiza</i>	large-leaved mangrove		S	<i>Phyllostachys aurea</i>	golden bamboo		N, C
<i>Callisia fragrans</i>	inch plant, spironema		C, S	<i>Pittosporum pentandrum</i>	Philippine pittosporum, Taiwanese cheesewood		S
<i>Casuarina cunninghamiana</i>	river sheoak, Australian-pine	P	C, S	<i>Pteris vittata</i>	Chinese brake fern		N, C, S
<i>Cecropia palmata</i>	trumpet tree		S	<i>Ptychosperma elegans</i>	solitaire palm		S
<i>Cestrum diurnum</i>	day jessamine		C, S	<i>Rhoeo spathacea</i> (see <i>Tradescantia spathacea</i>)			
<i>Chamaedorea seifrizii</i>	bamboo palm		S	<i>Richardia grandiflora</i> *	large flower Mexican clover		N, C, S
<i>Clematis terniflora</i>	Japanese clematis		N, C	<i>Ricinus communis</i>	castor bean		N, C, S
<i>Cocos nucifera</i>	coconut palm		S	<i>Rotala rotundifolia</i>	roundleaf toothcup, dwarf Rotala, redweed		S
<i>Cryptostegia madagascariensis</i>	rubber vine		C, S	<i>Ruellia blechum</i> (= <i>Blechum brownei</i>)	green shrimp plant, Browne's blechum		N, C, S
<i>Cyperus involucratus</i> (<i>C. alternifolius</i> misapplied)	umbrella plant		C, S	<i>Sansevieria hyacinthoides</i>	bowstring hemp		C, S
<i>Cyperus prolifer</i>	dwarf papyrus		C, S	<i>Sesbania punicea</i>	purple sesban, rattlebox		N, C, S
<i>Dactyloctenium aegyptium</i>	Durban crowfoot grass		N, C, S	<i>Solanum diphyllum</i>	two-leaf nightshade		N, C, S
<i>Dalbergia sissoo</i>	Indian rosewood, sissoo		C, S	<i>Solanum torvum</i>	susumber, turkey berry	N, U	N, C, S
<i>Elaeagnus pungens</i>	silverthorn, thorny olive		N, C	<i>Sphagneticola trilobata</i> (= <i>Wedelia trilobata</i>)	wedelia		N, C, S
<i>Elaeagnus umbellata</i>	silverberry, autumn olive		N	<i>Stachytarpheta cayennensis</i> (= <i>S. urticifolia</i>)	nettle-leaf porterweed		S
<i>Epipremnum pinnatum</i> cv. Aureum	pothos		C, S	<i>Syagrus romanzoffiana</i> (= <i>Arecastrum romanzoffianum</i>)	queen palm		C, S
<i>Eulophia graminea</i> *	Chinese crown orchid		S	<i>Syzygium jambos</i>	Malabar plum, rose-apple		N, C, S
<i>Ficus altissima</i>	false banyan, council tree		S	<i>Talipariti tiliaceum</i> (= <i>Hibiscus tiliaceus</i>)	mahoe, sea hibiscus		C, S
<i>Flacourtia indica</i>	governor's plum		S	<i>Terminalia catappa</i>	tropical-almond		C, S
<i>Hemarthria altissima</i>	limpo grass		C, S	<i>Terminalia muelleri</i>	Australian-almond		C, S
<i>Hibiscus tiliaceus</i> (See <i>Talipariti tiliaceum</i>)				<i>Tradescantia spathacea</i> (= <i>Rhoeo spathacea</i> , <i>Rhoeo discolor</i>)	oyster plant		S
<i>Hyparrhenia rufa</i>	jaragua		N, C, S	<i>Tribulus cistoides</i>	puncture vine, burr-nut		N, C, S
<i>Ipomoea carnea</i> ssp. <i>fistulosa</i> (= <i>I. fistulosa</i>)	shrub morning-glory	P	C, S	<i>Vitex trifolia</i>	simple-leaf chaste tree		C, S
<i>Kalanchoe pinnata</i> (= <i>Bryophyllum pinnatum</i>)	life plant		C, S	<i>Washingtonia robusta</i>	Washington fan palm		C, S
<i>Koelreuteria elegans</i> ssp. <i>formosana</i> (= <i>K. formosana</i> ; <i>K. paniculata</i> misapplied)	flamegold tree		C, S	<i>Wedelia</i> (see <i>Sphagneticola</i> above)			
<i>Landoltia punctata</i> (= <i>Spirodela punctata</i>)	spotted duckweed		N, C, S	<i>Wisteria sinensis</i>	Chinese wisteria		N, C
<i>Leucaena leucocephala</i>	lead tree	N	N, C, S	<i>Xanthosoma sagittifolium</i>	malanga, elephant ear		N, C, S
<i>Limnophila sessiliflora</i>	Asian marshweed	P, U	N, C, S				
<i>Livistona chinensis</i>	Chinese fan palm		C, S				
<i>Macropitilium lathyroides</i> *	phasey bean		N, C, S				