PARK IMPACT FEE ALLOCATION RECOMMENDATIONS

Park Impact Fee Uses Highlights from Florida Statute 163.31801

- Ensure impact fee is proportional and reasonably connected to the need for additional facilities and increased impact generated by the new construction
- Ensure impact fee is proportional and reasonably connected to the expenditures of funds collected and the benefits accruing to the new construction
- Specifically earmark funds collected under the impact fee for use in acquiring, constructing, or improving capital facilities to benefit new users
- Ensure revenues generated are not used to pay existing debt or for previously approved projects unless the expenditure is reasonably connected to the increased impact generated







Background

How Impact Fees <u>Can</u> Be Spent:

 Infrastructure/capital outlay related to servicing expanded population

How Impact Fees <u>Can't</u> Be Spent:

- Maintenance expenses
- Operational expenses
- Debt issued to purchase infrastructure/capital assets





Recent Park Impact Fee Projects

- Bennet Elementary Playground
- Las Olas Tunnel Top Parks
- Coontie Hatchee Lagoon
- Aquatics Complex
- Holiday Park Field
 Conversion
- Carter Park

- Bill Keith Preserve Boardwalk Extension
- Mills Pond Park Artificial Turf
- George English Park Boat Ramp
- DC Alexander Park
- Las Olas Boulevard Corridor
- Riverland Road Park





5 Year Funding History

5 Year History: Total Impact Fees Collected

Fiscal Year	Impact Fees Collected	
2020	\$3,744,385	
2021	\$1,918,999	
2022	\$4,370,231	
2023	\$6,764,500	
2024 (as of May 24, 2024)	\$676,846	
Grand Total	\$17,474,961	





Available Funding

How much funding is available for use?

 Estimated Fund Balance: \$5.4 Million*



*Balance as of 03/04/2024

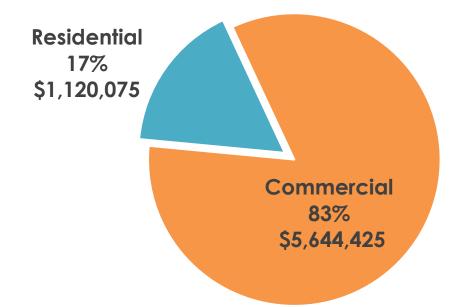




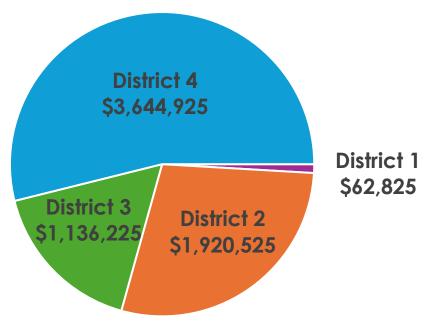


2023 Funding Summary

Impact Fees Collected By Permit Type



Impact Fees Collected by Commission District







Current Process: Impact Fee Allocation

- As projects require additional resources, the Parks Department communicates needs
- The City Commission approves the appropriation of funding through the annual Community Investment Plan development process or budget amendment process





Recommendation: Existing Funds

Current fund balance committed to Parks Bond signature projects

- Lockhart Park
- Holiday Park
- Carter Park
- Tunnel Top Park







Recommendation: Future Funds

Split new funds evenly between Regional and District Parks (Effective October 1st, 2024)

- 50% Regional Parks which must serve the Citywide Population
- 50% District Parks which serve District populations from which the impact fees were sourced





Defining Park Types

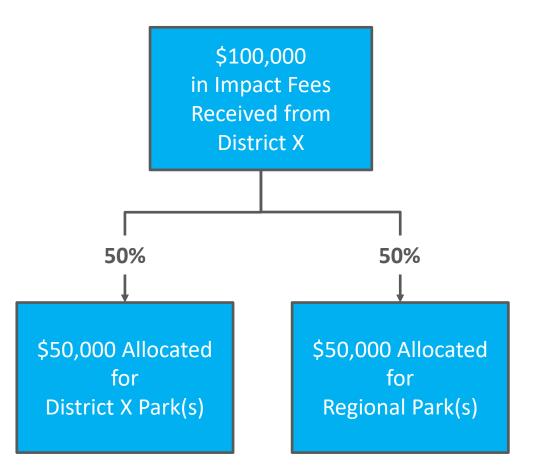
Park Type	Definition	Examples
Regional Parks and Special Use Facilities	 Regional Parks Large urban parks that serve the Citywide population Based on the services provided at these facilities past case law shows that residents travel widely (within a 15-mile radius) to use a regional park Special Use Facilities Include stand-alone recreation facilities not located within larger parks Support single-purpose facilities, such as ballfields dedicated to a single sport, off-leash dog areas, skate parks, boat ramps, swimming pools, community centers, urban plazas, and gardens Serve the Citywide population 	 Holiday Park Fort Lauderdale Aquatics Complex
District Park	District Parks serve as a social and recreational focal point for neighborhoods and are the basic units of a park system	Annie Beck ParkPeter Feldman Park





Example: Future Funding Allocation

- A District receives \$100,000 from Impact Fees
 - \$50,000 will go toward a park in the District from which the fees were sourced
 - \$50,000 eligible for use toward any regional park in the City







Discussion & Next Steps

- Feedback on the use of existing funds to address shortfalls within the Parks Bond Program
- Feedback on the 50%/50% allocation of impact fees between Regional/Special Use Facilities and District Parks





Questions





